San Francisco Health Service System Health Service Board

Rates and Benefits Committee

Blue Shield of California (BSC)
Rate Stabilization Reserve Presentation

March 8, 2018



BSC HMO Plan Rate Stabilization—Overview and Recommendation

The San Francisco Health Service System (SFHSS) Self-Funded Plans' Stabilization Policy requires an annual determination of the financial gain or loss for SFHSS self-funded/flex-funded plans. For each plan, the difference between the expected cost and actual cost for a plan year is added to the existing stabilization reserve and amortized over a three-year rating period.

This presentation focuses on the recommended adjustment to the Blue Shield of California (BSC) Flex-Funded HMO Plan rate stabilization reserve to reflect impact of calendar year 2017 experience.

Presently, the BSC plan rate stabilization reserve is in a **deficit** position, and has been since December 31, 2014 (see Appendix). Thus, today we present our recommendation for **buy-up** in 2019 rates, in the amount of \$3,162,000, as a result of application of the HSB stabilization policy given the **deficit** position.



BSC HMO Plan Rate Stabilization—Summary

In March 2017, the December 31, 2016 Stabilization Reserve recommendation was presented to the HSB. A BSC HMO plan rate stabilization **deficit** balance of \$10,634,000 existed as of December 31, 2016.

In May 2017, the HSB approved applying \$3,545,000 (or one-third of \$10,634,000) to buy-up 2018 active employee and early retiree premiums. This action left a BSC rate stabilization deficit carry-forward balance of \$7,089,000.

At the beginning of every Rates and Benefits cycle, the claims experience for the prior calendar year is evaluated. Based on the 2017 claims experience, \$2,396,000 should be added to the prior BSC rate stabilization deficit carry-forward balance. The calculation as well as resulting impact on the projected BSC Stabilization Reserve (specifically for BSC, deficit) balance is presented on the following pages.



BSC HMO Plan—2017 Experience Reconciliation

January 2017 through December 2017 Plan Reconciliation (Actual versus Expected)	Expected	Actual
1-Estimated Incurred Claims—includes capitation, pharmacy cost, and fee for service claims cost IBNR Increase / (Decrease) Potential Claims Cost Payout Total Claims Spend	\$ 288,355,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 288,355,000	\$ 292,658,000 \$ (160,000) \$ - \$ 292,498,000
2–Administration Expense—BSC Retention PCORI—Patient Centered Outcome Research Institute Fee Total Administrative Expense	\$ 17,037,000 \$ 86,000 \$ 17,123,000	\$ 17,003,000 \$ 87,000 \$ 17,090,000
3–Rx Rebates	\$ (3,000,000)	\$ (4,620,000)
4-Total Cost (1+2+3)	\$ 302,478,000	\$ 304,968,000
5-Total Contributions	\$ 307,632,000	\$ 305,942,000
6-Revenue Shortfall/(Surplus) (4-5)	\$ (5,154,000)	\$ (974,000)
7-Increase / (Decrease) in Contingency Reserve		\$ (1,784,000)
8-Total Shortfall/(Surplus) (Actual column: 6+7)		\$ (2,758,000)
9–Adjustment to Stabilization Carry-Forward (Actual 8 – Expected 6): Aon Recommended Increase to December 31, 2016 Carry-Forward Stabilization Deficit Balance to Calculate December 31, 2017 Amount		\$ 2,396,000



Aon Recommendation

Rate Stabilization Reserve Calculation—BSC HMO Plan

Stabilization deficit balance as of December 31, 2016	\$10,634,000
Offset deficit amount applied in 2018 rate buy-up per policy (1/3)	(\$3,545,000)
Prior carry-forward stabilization deficit balance	\$7,089,000
Recommended increase to the deficit based on 2017 experience	\$2,396,000
Stabilization deficit balance as of December 31, 2017	\$9,485,000
Calculated amount per amortization policy to apply to 2019 rate buy-up per policy (1/3 of stabilization deficit balance)	(\$3,162,000)
Updated carry-forward stabilization deficit for use after 2019	\$6,323,000

Aon recommends, per the requirements of Health Service Board approved rate stabilization policy, that the **deficit** amount of \$3,162,000 be applied towards buy-up across all rating tiers for the BSC HMO plans for plan year 2019. The remaining BSC HMO plan carry-forward **deficit** balance for plan year 2020 and beyond is \$6,323,000.



Blue Shield of California HMO Plan Year Reconciliation

Notes:

- 1 Estimated Incurred Claims including claim payments for medical, pharmacy, and capitation in January–December 2017.
- 2 Administration Expense—cost of administering January–December 2017 claims payments for medical and pharmacy including pooling and applicable health care reform fees.
- 3 Rx Rebates—rebates from drug manufacturers for active employees and early retirees.
- 5 Total Contributions—annual premium revenue collected.
- 6 Revenue Shortfall/(Surplus)—difference in cost versus premium revenue collected.
- 7 Contingency Reserve—explicit reserve held to cover excess losses (amount presented in January 2018 HSB meeting).
- Actual shortfall/(surplus) minus expected shortfall/(surplus)—amount added existing stabilization reserve per HSB policy and amortized over three years (for BSC HMO, amount is added to **deficit**).



Appendix



BSC HMO Rate Stabilization History

Starting With Commencement of Flex-Funding on January 1, 2013

А	В	С	D	Е
Starting Point Stabilization Reserve / (Deficit) Carry Forward [As Of Date] (column E of prior row)	Experience Adjustment Favorability / (Unfavorability) [Experience Year]	New Stabilization Reserve / (Deficit) [As Of Date] (column A + column B)	Amortized Reserve / (Deficit) Amount Applied to Rating [Rating Year]* (see decisions below)	Ending Point Stabilization Reserve / (Deficit) Carry Forward [As Of Date]> START OF NEXT ROW (column C – column D)
\$0 [12/31/12]	\$3,080,000 [2013]	\$3,080,000 [12/31/13]	\$1,027,000 + <i>\$8,844,000</i> [2015]	\$2,053,000 [12/31/13]
\$2,053,000 [12/31/13]	(\$15,508,000) [2014]	(\$13,455,000) [12/31/14]	(\$4,485,000) [2016]	(\$8,970,000) [12/31/14]
(\$8,970,000) [12/31/14]	(\$6,491,000) [2015]	(\$15,461,000) [12/31/15]	(\$5,154,000) [2017]	(\$10,307,000) [12/31/15]
(\$10,307,000) [12/31/15]	(\$327,000) [2016]	(\$10,634,000) [12/31/16]	(\$3,545,000) [2018]	(\$7,089,000) [12/31/16]
(\$7,089,000) [12/31/16]	(\$2,396,000) [2017]	(\$9,485,000) [12/31/17]	(\$3,162,000) [2019]	(\$6,323,000) [12/31/17]
(\$6,323,000) [12/31/17]	To be determined after 2018 experience completes			

^{*} HSB Amortization decisions by rating year:

- ➤ 2015: 1/3 of new stabilization reserve per HSB policy plus one-time amount of \$8,844,000 derived from transfer of 2% Profit Pledge amount to rate stabilization reserve (see May 2014 SFHSS presentation for details on 2% Profit Pledge)
- ➤ 2016-2018: 1/3 of new stabilization reserve per HSB policy
- 2019: amount shown is Aon recommendation for distribution of 1/3 of the projected stabilization reserve per the HSB Stabilization Reserve Policy



BSC HMO Rate Stabilization History

Presented at March 10, 2016 Meeting

Ann Data Stabilization Calculation*

Aon Rate Stabilization Calculation	
Stabilization deficit balance carry-forward as of December 31, 2014	\$8,970,155
Aon recommended increase to stabilization deficit	\$6,491,000
Total stabilization deficit balance as of December 31, 2015	\$15,461,155
Stabilization policy requires 33% of balance to be applied to the 2017 rates	(\$5,153,718)

Remaining carry-forward in stabilization **deficit** balance for



\$10,307,437

plan years 2018 and after

^{*} Positive numbers reflect a loss and are added to the rates; negative numbers in parentheses reflect a gain and are subtracted from the rates.

BSC HMO Rate Stabilization History

Presented at March 9, 2017 Meeting

Aon Rate Stabilization Calculation*	
Stabilization deficit balance carry-forward as of December 31, 2015	\$10,307,437
Aon recommended increase to stabilization deficit	\$327,000
Total stabilization deficit balance as of December 31, 2016	\$10,634,437
Stabilization policy requires 33% of balance to be applied to the 2018 rates	(\$3,544,812)
Remaining carry-forward in stabilization deficit balance for plan years 2019 and after	\$7,089,624

^{*} Positive numbers reflect a loss and are added to the rates; negative numbers in parentheses reflect a gain and are subtracted from the rates.

